ANESE INDUSTRIAL STANDARD

JIS G 3459: 2004 Stainless steel pipes

August, 2004

ERRATA

Page 4

Table 2, the value of Si for SUS321 HTP.

Error:

0.75 min

Correct:

0.75 max

Page 7

Informative Table 1, title.

Error:

3mm in wall thickness

Correct: 8mm in wall thickness

Page 12

Remarks 2 of Table 5

Error:

Rule B of JIS Z 8401

Correct:

Rule A of JIS Z 8401

Remarks: This erratum is for correcting the first edition of this Standard. Japanese Standards Association





Translated and Published by Japanese Standards Association

 $\text{(JISF)} \ \ 3459:2004$

Stainless steel pipes

ICS 23.040.10; 77.140.20; 77.140.75

Reference number: JIS G 3459: 2004 (E)



Foreword

This translation has been made based on the original Japanese Industrial Standard revised by the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry through deliberations at the Japanese Industrial Standards Committee, as the result of proposal for revision of Japanese Industrial Standard submitted by The Japan Iron and Steel Federation (JISF) with the draft being attached, based on the provision of Article 12 Clause 1 of the Industrial Standardization Law applicable to the case of revision by the provision of Article 14. Consequently **JIS G 3459**: 1997 is replaced with this Standard.

This revision has been made based on **ISO 9330-6**: 1997 Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes—Technical delivery conditions—Part 6: Longitudinally welded austenitic stainless steel tubes and **ISO 9329-4**: 1997 Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes—Technical delivery conditions—Part 4: Austenitic stainless steels for the purposes of making it easier to compare this Standard with International Standards; to prepare Japanese Industrial Standard conforming with International Standards; and to propose a draft of an International Standard which is based on Japanese Industrial Standard.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some parts of this Standard may conflict with a patent right, application for a patent after opening to the public, utility model right or application for registration of utility model after opening to the public which have technical properties. The relevant Minister and the Japanese Industrial Standards Committee are not responsible for identifying the patent right, application for a patent after opening to the public, utility model right or application for registration of utility model after opening to the public which have the said technical properties.

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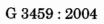
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In the event of any doubts arising as to the contents, the original JIS is to be the final authority.

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Stainless steel pipes

Introduction In this revision, the addition of steel grades which have usage track records for hot water piping, the review to make the table of dimensions and mass of welded steel pipes agree with the actual condition, the modification of the value of chemical component P to be in a conformity with JIS G 4304 and JIS G 4305 and the alteration of number of specimens for the hydraulic test and non-destructive examination were made.

This Japanese Industrial Standard has been prepared based on each first edition of ISO 9330-6 Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes—Technical delivery conditions—Part 6: Longitudinally welded austenitic stainless steel tubes and ISO 9329-4 Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes—Technical delivery conditions—Part 4: Austenitic stainless steels published in 1997 with modifying some technical contents.

Portions sidelined or underlined with dots are the matters modified from the original International Standards.

The list of modification with its explanation is given in annex 2 (informative).

- 1 Scope This Standard specifies the stainless steel pipes (hereafter referred to as "pipes") used for the piping for corrosion resistance, low temperature service, high temperature service, etc.
 - Remarks 1 The purchaser may designate in addition to the items specified in this text, by prior agreement with the manufacturer, part or all of the items in the special quality requirements specified in annex 1 (normative).
 - 2 The International Standard corresponding to this Standard is as follows.

In addition, symbols which denote the degree of correspondence in the contents between the relevant International Standard and **JIS** are IDT (identical), MOD (modified), and NEQ (not equivalent) according to **ISO/IEC Guide 21**.

ISO 9330-6: 1997 Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes—Technical delivery conditions—Part 6: Longitudinally welded austenitic stainless steel tubes (MOD)

ISO 9329-4: 1997 Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes—Technical delivery conditions—Part 4: Austenitic stainless steels (MOD)

2 Normative references The standards listed in attached table 1 contain provisions which, through reference in this Standard, constitute provisions of this Standard. If the indication of the year of publication is given to these referred standards, only the edition of the indicated year constitutes the provision of this Standard but the revision and amendment made thereafter do not apply. The normative references without the indication of the year of coming into effect apply only to the most recent edition (including amendments).



3 Classification and symbol Pipes shall be classified into 31 grades and their symbols shall be as given in table 1.

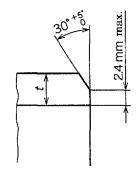
Table 1 Symbol of grade and heat treatment

	Table.	i Symbol o	i grade a	nd neat treat	
Classifica- tion	Symbol of grade	Solution treatment °C	Classifica- tion	Symbol of grade	Solution treatment °C
Austenitic pipes	SUS304TP	1 010 min., rapid cooling	Austenitic pipes	SUS321TP	920 min., rapid cooling
	SUS304HTP	1 040 min., rapid cooling		SUS321HTP	Cold-finished 1 095 min, rapid cooling
	SUS304LTP	1 010 min., rapid cooling			Hot-finished 1 050 min, rapid cooling
	SUS309TP	1 030 min., rapid cooling		SUS347TP	980 min., rapid cooling
	SUS309STP	1 030 min., rapid cooling		SUS347HTP	Cold-finished 1 095 min, rapid cooling
	SUS310TP	1 030 min., rapid cooling			Hot-finished 1 050 min, rapid cooling
	SUS310STP	1 030 min., rapid cooling	Austenitic ferritic	SUS329J1TP	950 min., rapid cooling
	SUS315J1TP	1 010 min., rapid cooling	pipes	SUS329J3LTP	950 min., rapid cooling
	SUS315J2TP	1 010 min., rapid cooling			
	SUS316TP	1 010 min., rapid cooling		SUS329J4LTP	950 min., rapid cooling
	SUS316HTP	1 040 min., rapid cooling	Ferritic pipes	SUS405TP	Annealing 700 min., air cooling or slow cooling
	SUS316LTP	1 010 min., rapid cooling		SUS409LTP	Annealing 700 min., air cooling or slow cooling
	SUS316TiTP	920 min., rapid cooling		SUS430TP	Annealing 700 min., air cooling or slow cooling
	SUS317TP	1 010 min., rapid cooling		SUS430LXTP	Annealing 700 min., air cooling or slow cooling
	SUS317LTP	1 010 min., rapid cooling		SUS430J1LTP	Annealing 720 min., air cooling or slow cooling
	SUS836LTP	1 030 min., rapid cooling		SUS436LTP	Annealing 720 min., air cooling or slow cooling
1.8	SUS890LTP	1 030 min., rapid cooling		SUS444TP	Annealing 700 min., air cooling or slow cooling

Remarks: For the pipes of SUS321TP, SUS316TiTP and SUS347TP, stabilizing treatment may be specified. In this case, the temperature of heat treatment shall be from $850\ ^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ to $930\ ^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$.



- 4 Manufacturing method The manufacturing method of pipes shall be as follows:
- a) Pipes shall be manufactured by a seamless process, an automatic arc welding process, a laser welding process, or an electric resistance welding process.
- b) The pipes shall be subjected to the solution treatment or annealing specified in table 1 and then pickled or similarly treated. However, heat treatments not specified in table 1 shall be made as agreed upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer.
- c) When required by the purchaser, the pipes may be fabricated to the bevelled end(1).
 - Note (1) Unless otherwise specified, the shape of the bevelled end shall be as shown in figure 1.



t: 22 mm max. in thickness

Figure 1 Shape of bevelled end

5 Chemical composition Pipes shall be tested in accordance with 13.1 and the cast analysis shall be as given in table 2.



Table 2 Chemical composition

%		T																					Т		
Unit:	Others		l	l	1	I	l	l	Cu 0.50 to 3.50	Cu 0.50 to 3.50		l	I	Ti $5 \times C \%$ min.		I	N 0.25 max.	Cu1.00 to 2.00	Ti 5×C % min.	Ti 4×C % to 0.60	Nb 10×C % min.	Nb $8\times$ C % to 1.00		N 0.08 to 0.20	N 0.08 to 0.30
	$M_{\rm o}$		l	1	ł	I	I	I	0.50 to 1.50	0.50 to 1.50	2.00 to 3.00	2.00 to 3.00	2.00 to 3.00	2.00 to 3.00	3.00 to 4.00	3.00 to 4.00	5.00 to 7.00	4.00 to 5.00	1		1	1	1.00 to 3.00	2.50 to 3.50	2.50 to 3.50
	$C\mathbf{r}$	18.00 to 20.00	18.00 to 20.00	18.00 to 20.00	22.00 to 24.00	22.00 to 24.00	24.00 to 26.00	24.00 to 26.00	17.00 to 20.50	17.00 to 20.50	16.00 to 18.00	16.00 to 18.00	16.00 to 18.00	16.00 to 18.00	18.00 to 20.00	18.00 to 20.00	19.00 to 24.00	19.00 to 23.00	17.00 to 19.00	17.00 to 20.00	17.00 to 19.00	17.00 to 20.00	23.00 to 28.00	21.00 to 24.00	24.00 to 26.00
	Ņ	8.00 to 11.00	8.00 to 11.00	9.00 to 13.00	12.00 to 15.00	12.00 to 15.00	19.00 to 22.00	19.00 to 22.00	8.50 to 11.50	11.00 to 14.00	10.00 to 14.00	11.00 to 14.00	12.00 to 16.00	10.00 to 14.00	11.00 to 15.00	11.00 to 15.00	24.00 to 26.00	23.00 to 28.00	9.00 to 13.00	9.00 to 13.00	9.00 to 13.00	9.00 to 13.00	3.00 to 6.00	4.50 to 6.50	5.50 to 7.50
	S	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.							
	Ъ	0.045 max.	0.040 max.	0.045 max.	0.040 max.	0.045 max.	0.040 max.	0.045 max.	0.045 max.	0.045 max.	0.045 max.	0.030 max.	0.045 max.	0.045 max.	0.045 max.	0.045 max.	0.045 max.	0.045 max.	0.045 max.	0.030 max.	0.045 max.	0.030 max.	0.040 max.	0.040 max.	0.040 max.
	m Mn	2.00 max.	2.00 max.	2.00 max.	2.00 max.	2.00 max.	2.00 max.	2.00 max.	2.00 max.	2.00 max.	2.00 max.	2.00 max.	2.00 max.	2.00 max.	2.00 max.	1.50 max.	1.50 max.	1.50 max.							
	Si	1.00 max.	0.75 max.	1.00 max.	1.00 max.	1.00 max.	1.50 max.	1.50 max.	0.50 to 2.50	2.50 to 4.00	1.00 max.	0.75 max.	1.00 max.	1.00 max.	1.00 max.	1.00 max.	1.00 max.	1.00 max.	1.00 max.	0.75 max.	1.00 max.	1.00 max.	1.00 max.	1.00 max.	1.00 max.
	C	0.08 max.	0.04 to 0.10	0.030 max.	0.15 max.	0.08 max.	0.15 max.	0.08 max.	0.08 max.	0.08 max.	0.08 max.	0.04 to 0.10	0.030 max.	0.08 max.	0.08 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.020 max.	0.08 max.	0.04 to 0.10	0.08 max.	0.04 to 0.10	0.08 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.
	Symbol of grade	SUS304TP	SUS304HTP	SUS304LTP	SUS309TP	SUS309STP	SUS310TP	SUS310STP	SUS315J1TP	SUS315J2TP	SUS316TP	SUS316HTP	SUS316LTP	SUS316TiTP	SUS317TP	SUS317LTP	SUS836LTP	SUS890LTP	SUS321TP	SUS321HTP	SUS347TP	SUS347HTP	SUS329J1TP	SUS329J3LTP	SUS329J4LTP



Table 2 (concluded)

Unit: %	Others	Al 0.10 to 0.30	Ti 6 × C % to 0.75	1	Ti or Nb 0.10 to 1.00	N 0.025 max.	Nb 8×(C %+N %) to 0.80	Cu 0.30 to 0.80	N 0.025 max.	Ti, Nb, Zr or their combination	8×(C %+N %) to 0.80	N 0.025 max.	Ti, Nb, Zr or their combination	8×(C %+N %) to 0.80
	Mo	1	1	1	I	I			0.75 to 1.25			1.75 to 2.50		
	Cr	11.50 to 14.50	10.50 to 11.75	16.00 to 18.00	16.00 to 19.00	16.00 to 20.00			16.00 to 19.00			17.00 to 20.00		
	Ni	1		ļ	-	l			l			1		
	S	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.	0.030 max.			0.030 max.			0.030 max.		
	Ъ	0.040 max.	0.040 max.	0.040 max.	0.040 max.	0.040 max.			0.040 max.			0.040 max.		
	Mn	1.00 max.	1.00 max.	1.00 max.	1.00 max.	1.00 max.			1.00 max.			1.00 max.		
	Si	1.00 max.	1.00 max.	0.75 max.	0.75 max.	1.00 max.			1.00 max.			1.00 max.		
	D	0.08 max.	0.030 max.	0.12 max.	0.030 max.	0.025 max.			0.025 max.			0.025 max.		
	Symbol of grade	SUS405TP	SUS409LTP	SUS430TP	SUS430LXTP	SUS430J1LTP			SUS436LTP			SUS444TP		

ever, the carbon content for SUS304LTP, SUS316LTP, SUS317LTP, SUS836LTP, SUS329J3LTP, SUS329J4LTP, SUS409LTP Even when a product analysis is required by the purchaser, the chemical composition given in table 2 shall be applied. Howand SUS430LXTP shall be 0.035 % or under. The carbon content for SUS430J1LTP, SUS436LTP and SUS444TP shall be 0.030 % or under. The carbon content for SUS890LTP shall be 0.025 % or under. Remarks 1

To SUS329J1TP, SUS329J3LTP, SUS329J4LTP and SUS430J1LTP, alloying elements other than those given in table 2 may be added, if necessary. 2

SUS405TP, SUS430TP, SUS430LXTP, SUS430J1LTP, SUS436LTP and SUS444TP may contain Ni 0.60 % or under. က



6 Mechanical properties

6.1 Tensile strength, proof stress and elongation Pipes shall be tested in accordance with 13.2 and their tensile strength, proof stress, and elongation shall be as given in table 3.

Table 3 Mechanical properties

Symbol of	Tensile	Proof		Elongation	. %	
grade	strength	stress	No. 11 test piece No. 12 test piece	No. 5 test piece	No. 4 tes	st piece
	N/mm²	N/mm²	Longitudinal direction	Transverse direction	Longitudinal direction	Transverse direction
SUS304TP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS304HTP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS304LTP	480 min.	175 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS309TP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS309STP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS310TP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS310STP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS315J1TP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS315J2TP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS316TP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS316HTP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS316LTP	480 min.	175 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS316TiTP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS317TP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS317LTP	480 min.	175 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS836LTP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS890LTP	490 min.	215 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS321TP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS321HTP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS347TP	520 min.	$205~\mathrm{min}$.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS347HTP	520 min.	205 min.	35 min.	25 min.	30 min.	22 min.
SUS329J1TP	590 min.	390 min.	18 min.	13 min.	14 min.	10 min.
SUS329J3LTP	620 min.	450 min.	18 min.	13 min.	14 min.	10 min.
SUS329J4LTP	620 min.	450 min.	18 min.	13 min.	14 min.	10 min.
SUS405TP	410 min.	205 min.	20 min.	14 min.	16 min.	11 min.
SUS409LTP	360 min.	175 min.	20 min.	14 min.	16 min.	11 min.
SUS430TP	410 min.	245 min.	20 min.	14 min.	16 min.	11 min.
SUS430LXTP	360 min.	175 min.	20 min.	1 4 min.	16 min.	11 min.
SUS430J1LTP	390 min.	205 min.	20 min.	14 min.	16 min.	11 min.
SUS436LTP	410 min.	245 min.	20 min.	14 min.	16 min.	11 min.
SUS444TP	410 min.	245 min.	20 min.	14 min.	16 min.	11 min.

Remarks 1 When a tensile test is carried out with No. 12 or No. 5 test piece for pipes of under 8 mm in wall thickness, the minimum elongation shall be calculated by subtracting 1.5 % from the elongation given in table 3 for each decrease of 1 mm from 8 mm in wall thickness, and rounded off to integers in accordance with Rule A of JIS Z 8401. Examples of calculation are given in Informative table 1.



- 2 The elongation given in table 3 shall not be applied to pipes of under 40 mm in outside diameter. However, the value of elongation shall be recorded.
- 3 In the case where a tensile test piece is taken from automatic arc welded pipes, laser welded pipes, or electric resistance welded pipes, No. 12 or No. 5 test piece shall be taken from the portion having no welded seams.

Informative Table 1 Calculation examples of elongation for No. 12 (longitudinal) and No. 5 (transverse) test pieces for pipes of under 8 mm in wall thickness

Classification	Shape of test		Elonga	ation for ea	ich wall th	ickness div	vision %	
	piece	Over 7 mm to and excl. 8 mm	Over 6 mm up to and incl. 7 mm	Over 5 mm up to and incl. 6 mm	Over 4 mm up to and incl. 5 mm	Over 3 mm up to and incl. 4 mm	Over 2 mm up to and incl. 3 mm	Over 1 mm up to and incl. 2 mm
Austenitic pipes	No. 12 test piece	35	34	32	30	29	28	26
	No. 5 test piece	25	24	22	20	19	18	16
Austenitic	No. 12 test piece	18	16	15	14	12	10	9
ferritic pipes	No. 5 test piece	13	12	10	8	7	6	4
Ferritic pipes	No. 12 test piece	20	18	17	16	14	12	11
	No. 5 test piece	14	12	11	10	8	6	5

6.2 Flattening or guide bend resistance weld zone

6.2.1 Flattening Pipes shall be tested in accordance with **13.3** and the results shall be free from flaws and cracks on the wall of pipes. In this case, the distance between the two platens shall be calculated according to the following formula:

$$H = \frac{(1+e)t}{e + \frac{t}{D}}$$

where,

H: distance between platens (mm)

t: wall thickness of pipe (mm)

D: outside diameter of pipe (mm)

e: constant which differs according to the grade of pipe, 0.09 for austenitic pipes, 0.07 for austenitic ferritic pipes and ferritic pipes

6.2.2 Guide bend resistance of weld zone For welded pipes 200A or over, the guide bend resistance of weld zone may be tested instead of the flattening of **6.2.1**. Preference is left to the specification by the purchaser or to the discretion of the manufacturer.

The guide bend resistance of weld zone shall be subjected to the test of **13.4** and the results shall conform to the following requirements:



- a) No cracks of 3 mm or over in length shall develop on the outside of the weld zone (except for small cracks created on the edge or corner).
- b) For cracks of under 3 mm in length, the total lengths of cracks shall not exceed 7 mm.
- c) Total number of cracks and blowholes shall not exceed 10.
- 7 Austenitic grain size Pipes of SUS321HTP shall be tested in accordance with 13.5 and the resulting mean austenitic gain size shall be grain size No. 7 or coarser.
- 8 Hydraulic test characteristic or non-destructive examination characteristic Pipes shall be tested in accordance with 13.6 and the resulted hydraulic test characteristic or non-destructive examination characteristic shall conform to either of the following requirements. Though the preference is subjected to the indication of the purchaser, when not indicated, the preference shall be subjected to the selection by the manufacturer.
- a) For hydraulic test characteristic, pipes shall withstand, without leakage, the hydraulic pressure designated, if any, by the purchaser, or in absence of it the hydraulic pressure specified in attached table 2. In this case, the purchaser may specify a hydraulic pressure higher or lower than those in attached table 2.

In the case where the hydraulic test is conducted by the specification of the purchaser and the test pressure exceeds either of the value P calculated from the following formula or 20 MPa, the test pressure shall be as agreed upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer. The specified hydraulic pressure shall be graduated in 0.5 MPa for under 10 MPa and in 1 MPa for 10 MPa or over. In calculation, the value P in the following formula shall be obtained and rounded off to 0.5 MPa or 1 MPa.

$$P = \frac{2st}{D}$$

where,

P: test pressure (MPa)

t: wall thickness of pipe (mm)

D: outside diameter of pipe (mm)

s: 60 % of the minimum value of proof stress specified in table 3 (N/mm²)

- b) For non-destructive examination characteristic, pipes shall be subjected to any non-destructive examination of the ultrasonic examination, eddy current examination, or radiographic examination, and the resulted non-destructive exami-
 - 1) There shall be no signal equal to or greater than the signals produced by the artificial flaws of the reference test piece of the working sensitivity division UD specified in **JIS G 0582**.

nation characteristic shall conform to any one of the following requirements:

- 2) There shall be no signal equal to or greater than the signals produced by the artificial flaws of the reference test piece of the working sensitivity division EY specified in **JIS G 0583**.
- 3) The grade 3 specified in **JIS Z 3106** or better shall be met.



9 Pressure resistance performance Pipes, when subjected to the test of 13.7, shall withstand that and be free from leakage. The pressure resistance performance shall be applied in accordance with agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

Information: The Water Works Law stipulates the pressure resistance performance test applied to the pipe used as feed water system

10 Leaching performance Pipes, when subjected to the test of 13.8, shall be as given in table 4. The leaching performance shall be applied in accordance with agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

Table 4 Leaching performance

Item		Acceptance criterion
Taste		No abnormalities
Odour		No abnormalities
Chromaticity	degree	5 max.
Turbidity	degree	2 max.
Hexavalent chromium	mg/L	0.05 max.
Iron	mg/L	0.3 max.

Information: The Water Works Law stipulates the leaching performance test applied to the pipe used as feed water system

11 Dimensions, mass and dimensional tolerances

11.1 Dimensions and mass The outside diameter, wall thickness and mass of the pipe shall be as specified in table 5. However, for the welded pipes, table 6 may be applied.



(Blank)



Nominal 10.5 13.8 17.3 21.7 21.7 34.0 1 1 2 5 Thick-11.05 304 321 321 331 0.233 0.473 0.473 0.473 1.03 1.31 1.36 1.36 1.30 2.38 2.38 3.12 4.48 4.48 5.17 9.40 329J3L 329J4L Schedule SS Unit mass kg/m Grade 192 0.000 0.000 0.0 1.00 1.00 1.0 1.00 1.0 1367 111064 X7064 064 1961 **8**86 11.2 1.65 1.65 1.65 2.1 2.1 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 4.0 4.0 Thick 304H 304H 314H 314H 0.273 0.272
0.491 0.488
0.631 0.048
1.00 1.00
1.120 1.21
2.14 2.13
2.14 3.12
3.14 3.12
3.19 3.13
5.39 3.35
6.13 7.20
6.18 £13
11.4 11.3
11.3 13.4
20.4 20.7 329/3L 329/3L ¥ Grada 1988 4051 43 430LX 430IL 430IL 2.52 130 1 1.54 2.32 2.59 3.41 4.97 6.35 8.48 9.72 304) 304) 304) 321 H 1.51 2.28 2.92 3.35 4.89 6.24 8.34 9.56 32913L 32914L 405 Current 8 1367 X7864 X7864 #36L 1901 This 304H 304H 321 321 329JI 129JIL 129JIL Unit mass kg/m
Grade
911 405 43
1731 409L 430 schadalla 40 430 430LX 4301L 5 5 5 55 ĕ

Table 5 Dimensions and mass of stainless steel pipes for piping



Table 5 (concluded)

																																			_	_		
>														•	•	٥	Ē	20	×	z	ŧ	æ	æ	8	8	ē	125	150	200	250	ĕ	350	ĝ	450	S	550	ŝ	656
ū																٧.	1,	۶.	-	-	1,7	2	21/2	w	37,	-		5	-	ē	12	=	16	#	20	22	24	ž
	_												200	ē	13.8	17.3	21.7	27.2	34.0	41.7	48.6	83	76.3	89.1	101.0	1	139.8	165.2	216.3	267.4	318.5	355.6	406.4	457.2	503.0	558.8	609.5	660.4
$\overline{}$	Tauch:	Ī											77	2.4	<u></u>	3.2	3.7	3.9	ŝ	\$	~	ű	7.0	7.6	=		95	5	12.7	15.1	12.	19.0	21.4	23.8	26.2	21.6	31.0	34.0
1	Γ	Ī	ž	ĕ	321	121H				_		_		0.484	0.807	1.12	<u>s</u>	2.26	¥	6	33	Ę	12.1	15.4	5	22.6	30.0	23	64.4	ě	121	ž	203	257	314	378	±,	531
		1	§ §	310	3103	31531	316	31631	1916	1	317	5	ж	0.487	0.812	1.13	1.67	2.28	3.33	164	× ×	7.58	122	13.5	19.0	22.8	31.0	42.5	2	95.5	Ξ	ē	207	259	316	380	450	534
Sche	9		1655	329141,										0.476	0.794	1.11	1.63	2.23	1.25	÷	5,44	7.41	11.9	15.2	18.6	23	30.3	41.6	63.4	93,5	128	157	202	253	309	27E	439	522
dule 80	nit mass	Grade												9,473	0.789	1.10	1.62	2.21	3.23	1.51	5,40	7.37	Ξ.	15.1	18.4	22	30.	1.	63.0	93.5 8	128	156	201	251	307	369	437	519
	kg/m		100	43011	1361									0.470	0.784	1.09	1.61	2.20	3.21	4.48	5.37	7.32	11.7	15.0	18.3	22.0	29.9	1.0	62.5	92.2	3	155	35	250	305	367	4	\$15
								•						0.492	0.820	1.14	1.69	2.30	336	4.69	3.62	8	12.1	15.7	19.2	23.0	31.3	42.9	65.3	36.5	Ē	52	19	261	320	384	š	539
		1	1069					_						-	0.819	1.14	1.68	2.30	ű	4.68	3.61	7.65	12.3	15.7	19.2	23.0	3.5	42.9	65.4	35	Ē	ž	20	261	319	183	454	539
		ne s											3	_	_	_	;	_	,	•	,	ı	1	-	_	Ε	12.7	ī	18.2	21.4	ž.	27.8	30.9	9.10	38.1	41.3	46.0	49.1
	ľ	Γ	ğ	<u> </u>	321	HICK	-							-	1	-	1	-	,	i	,	,	1	-	ı	28.5	â	53.8	89.8	131	Ē	227	289	367	446	532	646	748
			, §	3 2	3105	2 25	316	316H	3161	100	1 17	1 2	347H		1	-	ı	-	ı	ı	,	,	ı	-	-	28.7	40.5	¥.	90.4	132	18.7	228	291	369	449	536	650	752
Sched	5		3291	329J4L										-	1	-	ı	1	-	ı	,	Ī	1	-	-	22	295	12.9	88.3	129	-83	223	284	361	439	524	635	735
ule 120	uit matere	Grade	_		_										1	_	ı	1	ı	-	,		-	-	,	27.9	192	52.5	87.B	128	Ē	222	283	359	436	520	631	731
	kg/⊞		ģ	430211	436L									-	1	-	1.	_		,	,	Ī	,	-	ņ	27.7	39.0	12.2	87.2	127	88	220	281	357	433	517	627	726
			26			_								-	ı	'	-	_	,	-	,	Ī	,	-	-	29,0	40.9	34.6	91.3	: :::	33	ž	294	373	153	115	656	760
			1068											-	-	-	1.	_	١	-	,	ı	,	-	**	29.0	á.	54.6	91.2	133	198	230	293	373	453	541	656	759
	Dick.	Š		•	•								2	1		,	4.7	5.5	6,4	6.4	7.1	.7	9.5	11.1	12.7	13.5	150	18.2	23.0	28.6	33.3	35.7	10.5	45.2	0.05	o,	59.5	64.2
			ž	<u> </u>	32	321H								ı	1	,	1.99	2.97	4.40	5.79	7.34	1.1	15.8	21.6	28.1	33.9	19.	66.6	=	-70	237	284	369	464	570	679	818	953
			9) jo	2010	31511	316	H915	ž.	31611	317		347K	-		t	2.00	2.99	4.63	5.82	7.39	11.3	15.9	21.7	28.3	¥	49.4	67,1	Ξ	17	238	286	372	467	574	£89	821	996
Schar	g		3291	329141							-			÷	-	ı	1.96	2.92	4.33	5.69	7.22	0.11	15.5	21.2	27.7	33.3	48.3	65.5	109	5,7	23	290	363	456	561	899	802	866
ide 160	LIT MARK	Grade	ŝ	£ \$							_				-	ı	1.95	2,91	4.30	5.66	7.17	11.0	15.5	21.1	27.5	33.	48.0	65.	108	š	231	278	361	453	855	664	797	932
	ig/m		490	430EX	436L				-					,	-	'	1.93	2.89	4.27	5.62	7.13	10.9	15.4	20.9	27.3	32.9	47,7	64.7	101	Ē	230	276	358	450	\$54	659	792	926
			1961										_	,		1	2,02	3.02	4.47	5.48	7.46	11.4	16.1	21.9	28.6	34.5	49.9	67.7	113	173	240	289	375	472	580	690	829	969
			1068											'	-	'	2.02	3.02	4.47	5,88	7.45	11.4	16.0	21.9	28.5	34.4	49.8	62.7	112	173	246	289	375	471	579	689	22	968
	Schedule 100	Schedule 95 Schedule 120 Schedule 120 Thick Unit mass kylm Thick	Schedule 95 Schedule 120 Thick Unit mass kg/m Thick Unit mass kg/m Thick Grade rese Grade	Thick	Thick	Schedule 98 Schedule 109 Schedule 109 Schedule 129 Sched	Thick	Thick	Schedule 98 Schedule 109 Schedule 109 Schedule 129 Sched	Schedule 90 Schedule 90 Schedule 90 Schedule 100 Schedul	Thick	Thick	Thick	Third	Thick	Third Thir	Third Thir	Third	Thick	Third Thir	Thick	Thick Schedule 201 Schedule 20	Third Thir	Thick	Thick	Thick	Third	Third Substant by Substant 1971 Third Substant 197	Third Substitution 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Thick Unit and the part of the	Thick	Third Supply Control	Third Substitution 1. The property of the content o	Third Paris I Containe No. 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	This is the control of the control o	This is the control of the control o	Third No. 1. Control 1	This is the control of the control o

Remarks 1 'The designation of the pipe shall be based on the nominal diameter and nominal wall thickness (schedule number: Sch.). However, for the nominal diameter, either A or B shall be used, and letter A or B shall be suffixed to the figures of nominal diameter respectively for identification.

2 The value of mass shall be calculated by the following formula and rounded off to 3 significant digits in accordance with Rule A of JIS Z 8401. However, in the case of exceeding 1 000 kg/m, the results shall be rounded off to an integral value of kg/m.

Symbol of grade		Basic mass (*) kg	Formulas(3)
SUS304TP, SUS304HTP, SUS304LTP, SUS321TP SUS321HTP	SUS321TP,	7.93	(/-C) 116 \$200= #
SUSSOTE, SUSSOSTE, SUSSIOTE,	SUSSIDTP, SUSSIDSTP.		
SUSSISITE, SUSSISSEE, SUSSISTE,	SUSJIGHTP,	2	W = 200107. (T)
SUSJIGTITP.	SUS317TP, SUS317LTP,	7.36	4 40 5000
SUS347HTP			
SUS329JITP, SUS329JJLTP, SUS329J4LTP	4LTP	7.80	$W = 0.024 \text{ SO}_{1} \text{ (D-1)}$
SUS405TP, SUS409LTP, SUS444TP		7.75	₩ =0.024351 (D-1)
SUS430TP, SUS430LXTP, SUS430LLTP, SUS436LTP 7.70	TP SUS436LTP	7,70	W = 0.024 9i (D-i)
SUS836LTP		8.06	W =0.025 32r (D-r)
STIS890TTP		805	(n=1) 100 500 0 = 1

Notes (2) The basic mass means the mass of stainless steel of 1 mm in thickness and 1 m^2 in area.

W: unit moss of pipe (kg/m)
 t: wall thickness of pipe (mm)
 D: outside diameter of pipe (mm)

3

3 When dimensions other than those given in the above-mentioned table are required, the dimensions shall be determined as agreed upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer.





Table 6 Dimensions and mass of welded pipe

=				_			-	=	=	=	_	_	_	_		Γ	ī	T	T	T	_ T	_ T	T	Т	T	 T	T	 T	Г	Τ.	T	Τ.	Τ	<u>.</u>
diamete	_		_				_	_	_	_	_		_		_	L	_	ł	╀	1	1 2	╀	12	╀	╄	╀	8	╄	ĕ	z	8	8	25	⊦
Đ:	_				_			_		_			_	_		L	╀	╀	╀	╀		╀	╁	1.4	╀	1	╁╾	3 1/2	٠	Ļ	•	-	} -	12
diameter	-	_				_		_	_	_	_		_	_		8	╁╴	3.8	╄	⊦	╀	╀	┿	╀	╀	1-	┰	┰	╈	۲	165.2	2163	+-	318.5
	Thick	-						_		_	_	_			_	8	Ł	∤-	⊬	⊢	3	29	29	╆	ᠰ	2.9	╀	←	G	30	9.0	(0.0)	35)	Н
		30	304	_				_	_	_	_	_	_	_		L	₽	╄	⊦	١.	₽	1.59	2.03	232	2.91	97.7	È	6.17	\$	\$	12.1	15.9	23.0	ĭ
		35	_		205	5 5	71515	316	1691	ž		= 1		4	347	HE	D E	+	⊢	0.760	8	8	2	Ē	23	23	ĝ	2	7.01	ē	Ē	16.0	23.2	31.5
		17628	TCr6ZC	329ML					_	_				_		L	0.233	0370	0.473	0.742	0.944	1.57	- 98	2.28	2.87	3 2	3	6.07	6.85	•	1.9	15.7	22.6	30.8
	Crace.	ŧ	•	ŧ				_		_		_					5	0.368	0.470	0.738	0.939	Ę	.98	2.77	2.85	3.62	121	ê	6,81	10.0	11.8	15.6	22.5	100
		63 0	430CX	430JEL	J6L												22	0366	0.467	0.733	0.933	Ē	1.97	2.23	2.83	3,59	12	9	6.76	9,9	=	25.5	22.3	ĕ
	Ì	266															0.241	0.383	0.489	0.767	0.976	1.62	2.06	2.36	198	3.76	£	6.27	7.08	10.4	123	16.2	23.4	31.9
I	1	Joes															0.240	0.342	0.489	0.766	0.975	- 23:	206	236	296	3.76	Ē	627	7.07	5	٤	Ē	23.4	31.8
1	E.	11004															12	(2.5)	(2.0)	(2.0)	(20)	(2.5)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(0.0)	3.0	3,0	5	,,	0.5	0.5	8	ŝ	ţ
		ĕ	Į,	321						_							0.278	0.460	0.762	1860	126	198	297	3.41	ĝ	5 #	6.43	727	8.32	11.9	Ξ	21.2	26.2	35.2
		š	3095	910	SOIL	121	31372	316	161	<u>.</u>			317	3171	ž	Ж ТН	0.280	0.463	0.767	1860	1.26	1.97	2.99	3.63	4.32	25	6.48	7.42	8.37	12.0	14.2	213	26.4	35
		32941	329J3L	329ML					_		_		_	_	-		0.273	0.452	0,750	0.963	123	1.93	2.92	1-	4.23	وزز	ŝ	7.25	8.18	11.7	13.9	20.5	25.8	34.6
	Grade	ē	_						_	_	_		_	_	_		2772	0.449	0.745	0.939	123	:33	2.90	⊢	1,25	⊢	┢	720	8.13	Ę	13,8	20.7	25.7	34,4
	1	ê	430LX	430111	4361			_	_		_	_			_		0.270	0.446	0.740	0.953	122	- - - - - -	2.88	3.31	4.17	⊢	ŝ	7.16	F.08	H	13.7	20.5	25.5	34.2
		1961							_	_			_	_	_	r	0.283	0.467	0.775	0.991	128	:8	3.02	ž	437	5.57	ţ	7.49	8.45	12.1	14.3	21.5	16.7	35.8
١		10¢					_		_	_		_	_	_			0282	0.467	0.774	0.996	1.27	58	3,01	3.8	ŧ36	326	6.53	7.48	14	12.1	Ŀ	21.5	26.6	35.7
	Ė	Ē						ı	_	_	_	_	_	_		8	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.5	0,0	3.0	30	3.5	ž,	ŧ	ŝ	4.0	5.0	5.0	6.5	6.5	6.5
		ğ	34	2					_	_				_			0.336	0.588	0.762	120	Į,	2.32	2.97	3,41	4.97	635	E	9.72	11.0	16.8	20.0	34.0	42.2	50.5
	1	š	3098	310	3105	1151	31572	316	3165	2	,	101	317	317	š	HZHZ	0.338	0.592	0.767	1.20	1.55	2.33	2.99	3.43	5.00	629	5	9.59	11.1	16.9	20.1	34.2	42.5	1.00
		32911	329J3L	329041									_	_		_	0.331	_	0.750	1,18	151	2.28	2.92	3.35	4.89	624	ž.	92.6	10.8	16.5	19.6	33.4	41.5	49.7
	Grade	ŧ		ŧ					_				_	_			0.329	0.575	_	1.17	1.50	2.26	Η	3.33	4.16	Н	8.29	9.51	10.7	Н		2.EE	ŧ	49.4
Ì		è	÷0CX	430711	4361				_	_		_	_	_	_		0.227	0.571	0.740	1.16	1.49	2.25	Н	15.6	£.83	6.16	8.23	9.44	10,7	16.3	19.4	35	41.0	49.1
		195B	_	<u> </u>						_					_		0.342	0.598		\perp	Н	2.35	3.02	3.46	5.05	6.45	8.62	9.88	11.2	Н	_	\dashv	42.9	51.3
	ĺ	89	_	_	_				_	_					_		140		0.774		1.56	-	Н	Н	-	Н	1.61	9.87	-	-		┥	\dashv	-
1		į.							-		_	_	_		_	S S	_	(2.5)			\vdash	Н	Н	Н	-	Н	(3.5)	-	Н	Н		(B.O.)	_	_
			304	333					_		_	_	_		_		0.423	0.704			Н	-	Н	Н	Н	Н	11.5	14.3	\dashv	Н	27.6	4	⊣	\dashv
		Ş				31571	SIE	316	 3160	-	3.5	316	_	317	<u> </u>	34	-	-		<u>.</u>	Н	٦	Н	4.47	Н	8.94	11.5	-	┪	H	-	7	4	ᆈ
	8	329	1.4	-			N	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	-	6 0.417	0.692	_	_	┪	-	\dashv		H	1.73	£11 S	-	┥	┪	-	40.8	┪	_
	re- efficiency	ē	-	ŧ						_					_		7 0.414	_	-+	_	Н	┥	Н	-	4 550	Н	3 11.2	-	+	4	27.0	4	┪	-1
		8	_	_						_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.411				\dashv	ᅱ	-	\dashv	5.47	\dashv	1	⊣	┪	┪	-	å å	┥	-1
		2365	_	F	_				-	_	_		_		_		0.430			-	┥	\dashv	┥	ᅱ	┥	2 9.03		-	\dashv	+	4	i E	┥	⊣
ŀ		100		-			_			_	_	_		_	_		0.430	_		-	\exists	-	⊣	<u>2</u> 51	\dashv	9.02	-1	-	-+	+	┥		+	78.0

purchaser and the manufacturer.

In addition, the designation of the pipe shall be based on the nominal diameter and the wall thickness. However, for the nominal diameter, either A or B shall be suffixed to the figures of nominal diameter respectively for identification.

- The method for calculation of the numerical value of mass shall be the same as that in remarks 2 of table 5.
- 3 Dimensions in which the thickness differs between table 5 and table 6 are enclosed by parentheses for partition.
- When dimensions other than those described above are especially necessary, the dimensions and mass of welded pipe shall be in accordance with agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer.



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Table 6 (concluded)

Unit:	kg/m
-------	------

Nominal diameter						Uzit 1	11886					
		diameter	Schedule 80									
A	В		Thick-				Grade					
	l		ness	304	309	32931	405	430	836L	890L		
-				304L	309S	329J3L	409L	430LX				
]		321	310	329J4L	444	43001L	l			
		1			3105	l i		436L	ſ			
					31511	1			i			
		ļ			31532				i I			
	1				316	ł I			1			
		'			316H			l '				
	ļ	1	l i		316L			1				
	ŀ	1			316Ti	i						
		ļ			317] .	Į.		!			
	ł	1	!	1	317L							
					347	i		ļ		ļ		
	ļ	mm	шт		347H		2.00	5 494	0.505	0.506		
- 6	7,	10.5	(2.5)	0.498	0,501	0.490	0.487	0,484	0.506			
8	74	13.8	3	0.807	0.812	0.794	0.789	0.784	0.820	0.819		
10	7/4	17.3	(3.5)	1.20	1.21	1.18	1.18	1.17	1.22	1.22		
15_	1/2	21.7	(3.5)	1.59	1.60	1.56	1,55	1.54	1.61	1.61		
20	3/4	27.2	(4.0)	2.31	2.33	2.27	2.26	2.24	2.35	2.35		
25	1_	34	4.5	3.31	3.33	3.25	3.23	3.21	3,36	3.36		
32	1 1/4	42.7	(5.0)	4.70	4.73	4.62	4.59	4.56	4.77	4.77		
40	1 1/2	48.6	(5.0)	5.43	5.47	5.34	5.31	5.27	5.52	5.51		
50	2	60.5	5.5	7.54	7.58	7.41	7.37	7.32	7,66	7.65		
65	2 1/2	76.3	7.0	12.1	12.2	11.9	11.8	11.7	12.3	123		
80	3	89.l	(8.0)	16.2	16.3	15.9	15.8	15.7	16.4	16.4		
90	3 1/2	101.6	(8.0)	18.7	[8.8	18.3	18.2	18.1	19.0	18.9		
100	1 4	114.3	(9.0)	23.6	23.8	23.2	23.1	22.9	24.0	24.0		
125	5	139.3	(10.0)	32.3	32.5	31.8	31.6	31.4	32.9	32.8		
150	6	165.2	(12.0)	45.8	46.1	45.0	44.8	44.5	46.5	46.5		
200	8	216.3	(13.0)	65.B	66.3	64.8	64.4	63.9	66.9	66.8		
250	to.	267.4	(15.0)	94.3	94.9	92.8	92.2	91.6	95.9	95.7		
300	12	318.5	(18.0)	135	136	133	132	131	137	137		



- 11.2 Dimensional tolerances The dimensional tolerances of the pipe shall be as follows:
- a) The tolerances on outside diameter, wall thickness, and wall thickness deviation of pipes shall be as specified in table 7.
- b) In the case where the pipe length is specified, the tolerances on pipe length shall be applied on the plus side only.

Table 7 Tolerances on outside diameter, wall thickness and wall thickness deviation

Division	Tolerances on outside diameter	Tolerances on wall thickness	Tolerances on wall thickness deviation
Hot-finished seamless pipe	Under 50 mm ± 0.5 mm 50 mm or over $\pm 1\%$	Under 4 mm ± 0.5 mm 4 mm or over ± 12.5 %	At most 20 % of wall thickness
Cold-finished seamless pipe, automatic arc welded pipe, electric resistance welded pipe, and laser welded pipe	Under 30 mm ± 0.3 mm 30 mm or over ± 1 %	Under 2 mm ± 0.2 mm 2 mm or over ± 10 %	

- Remarks 1 The wall thickness deviation means the ratio of the difference between maximum and minimum wall thickness measured in the same section to the specified wall thickness, and this shall not be applied to pipes under 5.6 mm in wall thickness.
 - 2 For the portions locally ground or the like, the above tolerance on outside diameter shall not be applied if it is confirmed that the wall thickness is within the tolerance range given in the above table 7.
- **12 Appearance** The appearance of pipes shall be as follows:
- a) Pipes shall be straight for practical purposes, and their both ends shall be at right angles to the axis.
- b) The inside and outside surfaces of the pipes shall be well finished, and free from defects detrimental to practical use.

13 Test

13.1 Chemical analysis

- 13.1.1 Chemical analysis General matters common to chemical analysis and the method of sampling specimens for analysis shall be in accordance with clause 8 in JIS G 0404.
- **13.1.2** Analytical method The analytical method shall be in accordance with any one of the following standards:

JIS G 1211, JIS G 1212, JIS G 1213, JIS G 1214, JIS G 1215, JIS G 1216, JIS G 1217, JIS G 1218, JIS G 1223, JIS G 1224, JIS G 1228, JIS G 1237, JIS G 1238, JIS G 1253, JIS G 1256, JIS G 1257, JIS G 1258



13.1.3 Number of product analytical samples The number of product analytical samples shall be determined as agreed upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

13.2 Tensile test

- 13.2.1 Sampling method of specimen and number of test pieces For sampling method of a specimen and the number of test pieces, one specimen shall be sampled per 50 pipes simultaneously heat-treated and fraction thereof, and one tensile test piece, one flattening test piece, one austenitic grain size test piece shall be sampled therefrom.
- 13.2.2 Test piece The test piece shall be any one of No. 11, No. 12A, No. 12B, No. 12C, No. 4 or No. 5 specified in **JIS Z 2201** to be cut off from the pipe. In the case of No. 4 test piece, only the test piece of 14 mm in diameter (the gauge length is 50 mm) shall be used.
- 13.2.3 Testing method The testing method shall be in accordance with JIS Z 2241.

13.3 Flattening test

- 13.3.1 Sampling method of specimen and number of test pieces The sampling method of a specimen and the number of test pieces shall be as given in 13.2.1
- 13.3.2 Test piece A length 50 mm or over of a pipe shall be cut off from the end of the pipe to serve as a test piece. For the pipe whose wall thickness is 15 % or over of the outside diameter, a C-shape test piece made by removing a part of the circumference of a ring-shaped test piece may be used.
- 13.3.3 Testing method Place the test piece at ordinary temperature between two platens and flatten by compression until the distance between the platens reaches the specified value, and examine for the occurrence of flaws or cracks on the wall surface of the test piece. In the cases of the automatic arc welded pipe, laser welded pipe, and electric resistance welded pipe, the weld zone shall be placed at right angles to the direction of compression as shown in figure 2, and the C-shape test piece shall be places as shown in figure 3.

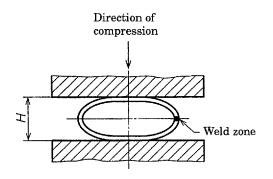


Figure 2 Flattening test (for right-shaped test piece)

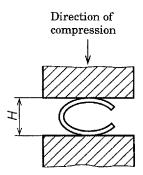


Figure 3 Flattening test (for C-shape test piece)



13.4 Guide bend test of weld zone

13.4.1 Sampling method of specimen and number of test pieces For sampling method of a specimen and the number of test pieces, when sampled from a pipe, one specimen shall be sampled for each 120 m of the pipe of the same dimensions produced under the same heat treatment and fraction thereof.

When sampled from the specimen of a pipe end welded under the same condition as the pipe body, one specimen shall be sampled per each lot equivalent to 120 m of the pipe of the same dimensions produced under the same heat treatment and fraction thereof.

One guide bend test piece of weld zone shall be sampled from respective specimens.

- 13.4.2 Test piece The test piece shall be in accordance with clause 4 of JIS Z 3122.
- 13.4.3 Testing method The test method shall be in accordance with clause 5 of JIS Z 3122.

In the case where the wall thickness exceeds 12 mm or both sides are butt-welded, the side bend test shall be carried out, and where the wall thickness is 12 mm or under (except the pipes of which both sides are butt-welded), the root bend test shall be conducted.

13.5 Austenitic grain size test

- 13.5.1 Sampling method of specimen and number of test pieces The sampling method of a specimen and the number of test pieces shall be as given in 13.2.1.
- 13.5.2 Test piece A 20 mm long pipe shall be cut off from the pipe end to serve as a test piece.
- 13.5.3 Testing method The austenitic grain size number shall be measured in accordance with JIS G 0551.
- 13.6 Hydraulic test or non-destructive examination The hydraulic test or non-destructive examination shall be as follows:
- 13.6.1 Number of specimens Either the hydraulic test or the non-destructive examination shall be carried out for each pipe.
- 13.6.2 Hydraulic test When the pipe is subjected to a hydraulic pressure and kept at the pressure specified in 8 a) for 5 s or longer, whether it withstands the pressure without leakage shall be examined.
- 13.6.3 Non-destructive examination The testing method of a non-destructive examination shall be in accordance with JIS G 0582, JIS G 0583 or JIS Z 3106.
- 13.7 Pressure resistance performance test The method for a pressure resistance performance test shall be in accordance with the main text of JIS S 3200-1.



13.8 Leaching performance test The leaching performance test shall be as specified in JIS S 3200-7.

14 Inspection

- **14.1 Inspection** The inspection shall be as follows:
- a) General matters common to inspection shall be as specified in JIS G 0404.
- b) The chemical composition shall conform to the requirements specified in clause 5.
- c) The mechanical properties shall conform to the requirements specified in clause 6.
- d) The austenitic grain size number of SUS321HTP shall conform to the requirements specified in clause 7.
- e) Hydraulic test characteristic or non-destructive examination characteristic shall conform to the requirements specified in clause 8. However, the non-destructive examination may be replaced by other appropriate non-destructive examinations other than 13.6.3 subjected to the agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer.
- f) Pressure resistance performance(4) shall conform to the requirements specified in clause 9 as a type test.
- g) Leaching performance(4) shall conform to the requirements specified in clause 10 as a type test.
- h) The dimensions shall conform to the requirements specified in clause 11.
- i) The appearance shall conform to the requirements specified in clause 12.
- j) When the special quality requirements given in annex 1 are specified subjected to the agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer, the results of inspection shall conform to the relevant requirements specified in clause 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 in annex 1.
 - Note (4) The pressure resistance performance test and leaching performance test are not carried out per each delivery as a type test.
- 14.2 Reinspection For pipes having failed to pass the tensile test, flattening test or guide bend test of weld zone, the final acceptance may be determined by performing the retest in accordance with 9.8 of JIS G 0404.
- 15 Marking Each pipe having passed the inspection shall be marked with the following items. However, in the case of either small pipes or a requirement from the purchaser, the pipes may be bundled and marked for each bundle by a suitable means. In either case, the order of arranging the items is not specified.

When approved by the purchaser, a part of the items may be omitted.

- a) Symbol of grade
- b) Symbol indicating the manufacturing method(5)
- c) Dimension (6)



- d) Manufacturer's name or abbreviation
- e) Symbol Z indicating the designation of special quality requirements
- f) Symbol M indicating the pressure resistance performance and leaching performance.
 - Notes (5) The symbols indicating the manufacturing method shall be as follows: However, the sign of dash may be replaced by a space.

Hot-finished seamless pipe: -S-H

Cold-finished seamless pipe: -S-C

Automatic arc welded pipe: -A

Cold-finished automatic arc welded pipe: -A-C

Weld zone work finished automatic arc welded pipe: -A-B

Laser welded pipe: -L

Cold-finished laser welded pipe: -L-C

Weld zone work finished laser welded pipe: -L-B

Electric resistance welded pipe other than hot-finished or cold finished ones: -E-G

Cold-finished electric resistance welded pipe: -E-C

(6) The dimensions shall be indicated as follows:

Nominal diameter \times nominal wall thickness, outside diameter \times wall thickness or nominal diameter \times wall thickness

Example: $50A \times Sch\ 10S$, 60.5×2.8 or $50A \times 2.8$

16 Report The report shall comply with the requirements of clause 13 in JIS G 0404. However, unless otherwise especially specified at the time of order, the specification of inspection document shall be symbol 2.3 or 3.1.B in table 1 of JIS G 0415.



Attached Table 1 Normative references

- JIS G 0404 Steel and steel products—General technical delivery requirements
 - Remarks: **ISO 404**: 1992 Steel and steel products—General technical delivery requirements is equivalent to the said standard.
- JIS G 0415 Steel and steel products-Inspection documents
 - Remarks: **ISO 10474**: 1991 Steel and steel products—Inspection documents is identical with the said standard.
- JIS G 0551 Methods of austenite grain size determination for steel
- JIS G 0567 Method of elevated temperature tensile test for steels and heat-resisting alloys
 - Remarks: **ISO 783**: 1989 Metallic materials—Tensile testing at elevated temperature is equivalent to the said standard.
- JIS G 0571 Method of oxalic acid etching test for stainless steels
- JIS G 0572 Method of ferric sulfate-sulfuric acid test for stainless steels
- JIS G 0573 Method of 65 per cent nitric acid test for stainless steels
 - Remarks: ISO 3651-1: 1998 Determination of resistance to intergranular corrosion of stainless steels—Part 1: Austenitic and ferritic-austenitic (duplex) stainless steels—Corrosion test in nitric acid medium by measurement of loss in mass (Huey test) is equivalent to the said standard.
- JIS G 0575 Method of copper sulfate-sulfuric acid test for stainless steels
 - Remarks: **ISO 3651-2**: 1998 Determination of resistance to intergranular corrosion of stainless steels—Part 2: Ferritic, austenitic and ferriticaustenitic (duplex) stainless steels—Corrosion test in media containing sulfuric acid is equivalent to the said standard.
- JIS G 0582 Ultrasonic examination for steel pipes and tubes
 - Remarks: **ISO 9303**: 1989 Seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for pressure purposes—Full peripheral ultrasonic testing for the detection of longitudinal imperfections is equivalent to the said standard.
- JIS G 0583 Eddy current examination of steel pipes and tubes
 - Remarks: **ISO 9304**: 1989 Seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for pressure purposes—Eddy current testing for the detection of imperfections is equivalent to the said standard.
- JIS G 1211 Iron and steel—Methods for determination of carbon content
- JIS G 1212 Iron and steel—Methods for determination of silicon content
- JIS G 1213 Iron and steel—Methods for determination of manganese content
- JIS G 1214 Iron and steel—Methods for determination of phosphorus content
- JIS G 1215 Iron and steel—Methods for determination of sulfur content
- JIS G 1216 Iron and steel—Methods for determination of nickel content



JIS G 1217	Methods for determination of chromium in iron and steel
JIS G 1218	Iron and steel—Methods for determination of molybdenum content
JIS G 1223	Iron and steel—Methods for determination of titanium content
JIS G 1224	Iron and steel—Methods for determination of aluminium content
JIS G 1228	Iron and steel—Methods for determination of nitrogen content
JIS G 1237	Iron and steel—Methods for determination of niobium content
JIS G 1238	Steel and iron—Determination of chromium content—Potentiometric or visual titration method
JIS G 1253	Iron and steel—Method for spark discharge atomic emission spectrometric analysis
JIS G 1256	Iron and steel—Method for X-ray fluorescence spectrometric analysis
JIS G 1257	Iron and steel—Methods for atomic absorption spectrometric analysis
JIS G 1258	Iron and steel—Methods for inductively coupled plasma atomic emission spectrometry
JIS S 3200-1	Equipment for water supply service—Test methods of hydrostatic pressure
JIS S 3200-7	7 Equipment for water supply service—Test methods of effect to water quality
JIS Z 2201	Test pieces for tensile test for metallic materials
Remarks:	ISO 6892 : 1984 Metallic materials—Tensile testing at ambient temperature is equivalent to the said standard.
JIS Z 2241	Method of tensile test for metallic materials

- JIS Z 2241 Method of tensile test for metallic materials
 - Remarks: **ISO 6892**: 1984 Metallic materials—Tensile testing at ambient temperature is equivalent to the said standard.
- ${\it JIS~Z~3106~Methods~of~radiographic~examination~for~welded~joints~in~stainless} \\ {\it steel}$
- JIS Z 3122 Methods of bend test for butt welded joint
- JIS Z 8401 Guide to the rounding of numbers



Attached Table 2 Hydraulic test pressure according to schedule No.

Unit: MPa

Schedule No. Sch	5S	10S	20S	40	80	120	160
Hydraulic test pressure	1.5	2.0	3.5	6.0	12	18	20

Remarks: For the pipes with dimensions other than those given in table 5, the hydraulic test pressure shall conform to the attached table 3 according to the division of the ratio of the wall thickness to the outside diameter of the pipe (t/D). However, in the case of the welded pipe, when the outside diameter conform to table 6 and the thickness comes in between the values in that table, adopt the schedule number for the larger thickness and carry out the test with the hydraulic test pressure specified in attached table 2. On the other hand, where the outside diameter does not meet the values in the table, the hydraulic test pressure shall conform to the attached table 3 according to the division of the ratio of the wall thickness to the outside diameter of the pipe (t/D).

Attached Table 3 Hydraulic test pressure of pipes of different outside diameter

Unit: MPa

System	Over 0.80 up to and incl. 1.60	Over 1.60 up to and incl. 2.40		Over 3.20 up to and incl. 4.00	i e	Over 4.80 up to and incl. 5.60		Over 6.30 up to and incl. 7.10	Over 7.10 up to and incl. 7.90	Over 7.90
Hydraulic test pressure	2.0	4.0	6.0	8.0	10	12	14	16	18	20



Annex 1 (normative) Special quality requirements

The special quality requirements shall be applied when requested by the purchaser and shall be executed by the manufacturer on the specified items.

- 1 Elevated temperature yield point or proof stress (Z2) The elevated temperature yield point or proof stress shall be as follows:
- a) The values of the elevated temperature yield point or proof stress and the test temperature shall be subjected to the agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer.
- b) The test piece and test method shall be as specified in **JIS G 0567**.

 When it is difficult to take the test piece of the shape specified in **JIS G 0567**, the shape of test piece shall be subjected to the agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer.
- c) In respect of the sampling method of a test specimen and the number of test pieces, one test specimen shall be taken from a lot of the same cast steel, and one test piece shall be taken from the test specimen for each test temperature.
- 2 Ultrasonic examination (Z3) The ultrasonic examination shall be applied to seamless pipes as described below:
- a) The criteria for working sensitivity of ultrasonic examination shall be UB or UC specified in **JIS G 0582**, and there shall be no signal greater than signals produced by the artificial flaws of a reference test piece.
- b) The method for ultrasonic examination shall be as specified in JIS G 0582.
- c) The ultrasonic examination shall be carried out for each pipe and the results shall conform to the requirements specified in **a**).
- **3 Eddy current examination (Z4)** The eddy current examination shall be as follows:
- a) The criteria for working sensitivity of eddy current examination shall be EU, EV, EW or EX specified in **JIS G 0583**, and there shall be no signal greater than the signals produced by the artificial flaws of a reference test piece.
- b) The method for eddy current examination shall be as specified in **JIS G 0583**.
- c) The eddy current examination shall be carried out for each pipe and the results shall conform to the requirements specified in **a**).
- 4 Corrosion test (Z6) The corrosion test shall be as follows:
- 4.1 Corrosion resistance The corrosion resistance of the pipe by an intergranular corrosion test shall comply with the following requirements. In this case, the detail of the intergranular corrosion test to be applied shall be subjected to the agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer.



a) The evaluation according to an etch structure obtained by a 10 % oxalic acid etch test shall be as specified in annex 1 table 1.

Annex 1 Table 1 Evaluation by 10 % oxalic acid etch test

Symbol of grade	Condition	Structure for ferric sulfate-sulfuric acid test	Structure for 65 % nitric acid test	Structure for copper sulfate-sulfuric acid test
SUS304TP	As delivered	Ditch structure	Ditch structure	Ditch structure
SUS315J1	(solution treatment)		End grain pitting II	
SUS315J2				
SUS316TP				
SUS317TP				
SUS304LTP	Sensitization	Ditch structure	Ditch structure End grain pitting II	Ditch structure
SUS316LTP			4444	
SUS317LTP				
SUS321TP				
SUS347TP			-	

b) The corrosion resistance by ferric sulfate-sulfuric acid test shall be evaluated by corrosion rate. The corrosion rate shall be as given in annex 1 table 2.

Annex 1 Table 2 Corrosion rate by ferric sulfate-sulfuric acid test

Symbol of grade	Condition	Corrosion rate g/m ² ·h
SUS304TP	As delivered	As agreed upon between the
SUS315J1	(solution treatment)	purchaser and the manufacturer
SUS315J2		
SUS316TP		
SUS317TP		·
SUS304LTP	Sensitization	As agreed upon between the
SUS316LTP		purchaser and the manufacturer
SUS317LTP		

c) The corrosion resistance by 65 % nitric acid test shall be evaluated by corrosion rate. The corrosion rate shall be as given in annex 1 table 3.



Annex 1 Table 3 Corrosion rate by 65 % nitric acid test

Symbol of grade	Condition	Corrosion rate g/m²•h
SUS304TP	As delivered (solution treatment)	As agreed upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer
SUS304LTP	Sensitization	As agreed upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer

d) The corrosion resistance by the copper sulfate-sulfuric acid test shall be evaluated by conditions of the bent surface. Conditions of the bent surface shall be as given in annex 1 table 4.

Annex 1 Table 4 Conditions of bent surface by copper sulfatesulfuric acid test

Symbol of grade	Condition	Conditions of bent surface	
SUS304TP	As delivered	To be free from cracks due to	
SUS315J1	(solution treatment)	intergranular corrosion	
SUS315J2			
SUS316TP			
SUS317TP			
SUS304LTP	Sensitization	To be free from cracks due to	
SUS316LTP		intergranular corrosion	
SUS317LTP			
SUS321TP			
SUS347TP			

- **4.2 Test piece** An appropriate length of a pipe shall be cut off from the end of the pipe to serve as a test piece.
- **4.3 Test method** The test method shall be in accordance with any one of the following standards:

JIS G 0571, JIS G 0572, JIS G 0573, JIS G 0575

- **4.4 Test** The results for a corrosion test shall conform to the requirements specified in **4.1**.
- **4.5** Sampling method of test specimen and number of test pieces The sampling method of a test specimen and the number of test pieces shall be as given in the case of the grain size test in **13.5.1** of the main text. However, if required, the above-mentioned test piece shall be sampled for a lot of the pipes of the same cast steel produced under the same heat treatment.
- **5** Radiographic examination of weld zone (Z7) The radiographic examination of weld zone shall be as follows:



- a) The classification of radiographs in the radiographic examination of weld zone shall be grade 1 or grade 2 specified in **JIS Z 3106** in accordance with the specification by the purchaser.
- b) The method of radiographic examination shall be as specified in annex 1 (normative) of **JIS Z 3106**. In this case, the penetrometer sensitivity shall be A class. However, the purchaser may specify class B of the penetrometer sensitivity if especially required.
- c) The radiographic examination shall be carried out for the full length of the weld zone for each pipe, and the results obtained shall conform to the requirements specified in a).

Related standards:

JIS G 4303 Stainless steel bars

JIS G 4304 Hot rolled stainless steel plates, sheets and strip

JIS G 4305 Cold rolled stainless steel plates, sheets and strip



Annex 2 (informative)

Comparison table between JIS and corresponding International Standards

JIS G 3	JIS G 3459: 2004 Stainless steel pipes		MANAGEM PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	ISO 9329-4:1997		Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes—T conditions—Part 4:Austenitic stainless steels	Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes—Technical delivery conditions—Part 4:Austenitic stainless steels
				ISO 9330-6:1997		Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes: Technical delivery conditions—Part 6:L austenitic stainless steel tubes	Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes— Technical delivery conditions—Part 6:Longitudinally welded austenitic stainless steel tubes
(I) Requ	(I) Requirements in JIS	(II) International Standard number	(III) Requiremetional Standard	(III) Requirements in Interna- tional Standard	(IV) Class technical dand the Int clause Location of Indication lines or c	(IV) Classification and details of technical deviation between JIS and the International Standard by clause Location of deviation: text, annex Indication method: dotted underlines or continuous sidelines	(V) Justification for the technical deviation and future measures
Clause	Content		Clause	Content	Classifi- cation by clause	Detail of technical deviation	
-	Scope: Stainless steel pipes used for the piping for cor- rosion resistance, low tem- perature service, high tem- perature service, etc.	ISO 9329-4 ISO 9330-6	1	Scope: Austenitic steel tubes used for pressure and corrosion resisting purposes at room temperature, at low temperatures or at elevated temperatures.	MOD/ addition	In JIS the pipe for pressure purpose is specified.	Since the pipe for pressure purpose is specified in JIS B 8270, it is not specified in this Standard.
Ø	Normative references JIS G 0404 JIS G 0415 JIS G 0573 JIS G 0575	ISO 9329-4	63	Normative references ISO 404 ISO 10474 ISO 783 ISO 3651-1 ISO 3651-2	MOD/ alteration IDT MOD/ alteration MOD/ alteration MOD/ alteration		Added JISs as normative references are essential for analysis of composition, and deleted ISO Standards are normative references corresponding to the matters not specified in JIS.

(V) Justification for the technical deviation and future measures							
(IV) Classification and details of technical deviation between JIS and the International Standard by clause Location of deviation: text, annex Indication method: dotted underlines or continuous sidelines	Detail of technical deviation					JISs related to chemical analysis were added.	Normative references which do not fall in the scope of JIS were deleted.
(IV) Class technical cand the Inclause Location o Indication lines or	Classifi- cation by clause	MOD/ alteration	MOD/ alteration	MOD/	MOD/ alteration	MOD/ addition	MOD/ deletion
(III) Requirements in Interna- tional Standard	Content	ISO 9303	ISO 9304	ISO 6892	ISO 6892		ISO 148, ISO 377-1, ISO 683-13, ISO/R 831, ISO 1127, ISO 1129, ISO 2037, ISO 2566-2, ISO 2205, ISO 4200, ISO/TR 4949, ISO 5252, ISO 5730, ISO 6759, ISO 6761, ISO 7438, ISO 6761, ISO 7438, ISO 6761, ISO 7438, ISO 8493, ISO 8492, ISO 8496, ISO 8495, ISO 8496, ISO 9302, ISO 9305, ISO 9765, ISO 91496, ISO 10332, ISO 11496, ISO 12096,
(III) R tional {	Clause						
(II) International Standard number							
(I) Requirements in JIS	Content	JIS G 0582	JIS G 0583	JIS Z 2201	JIS Z 2241	JIS other than the abovementioned JIS described in attached table 1.	
(I) Requ	Clause	2 (con-	cluded)				



(IV) Classification and details of technical deviation between JIS and the International Standard by future measures clause Location of deviation: text, annex Indication method: dotted underlines or continuous sidelines	echnical	In JIS austenitic fer- ritic pipes, and ferritic pipes are added.	In JIS both processes of a seamless process and an electric resistance welding process are specified, but in standard system differs are processes is specified. ISO Standard either of between JIS and ISO Stantard. dard.	In JIS an annealing process is added to austenitic pipes. In JIS an annealing ment may be applied accordance austenitic pipes. In JIS an annealing ment may be applied according to agreement, and JIS ing to agreement, and JIS can correspond to ISO Stantitic pipes, the solution dard. The JIS an annealing ment may be applied according to agreement, and JIS can correspond to ISO Stantitic pipes, the solution dard.
(IV) Classification and details of technical deviation between JIS and the International Standard clause Location of deviation: text, anne Indication method: dotted under lines or continuous sidelines	Detail of technical deviation	In JIS austeniti ritic pipes, and f pipes are added	In JIS both process of a seamless proces and an electric resis ance welding proces are specified, but in ISO Standard eithe the processes is specified.	In JIS an annealin process is added to austenitic pipes. In JIS for the austitic pipes, the solut treatment is perfor after the hot work.
(IV) Class technical cand the Inclause Location o Indication	Classifi- cation by clause	MOD/ addition MOD/ alteration	MOD/ addition	MOD/ addition
(III) Requirements in Interna- tional Standard	Content	Austenitic tubes are specified, and grades differ according to standards. ISO 9329-4: 17 grades ISO 9330-6: 12 grades	Product-making process for tubes ISO 9329-4: Manufactured by a seamless process ISO 9330-6: Welded by fusion with or without the addition of filler metal.	Two kinds of heat treatment are specified. a) Tubes are pressed or extruded at a temperature within the solution-treatment temperature range, and then cooled
(III) Retional S	Clause	4.1	5.2	5.3.1
(II) International Standard number		ISO 9329-4 ISO 9330-6	ISO 9329-4 ISO 9330-6	ISO 9329-4 ISO 9330-6
(I) Requirements in JIS	Content	Classification and symbol: 21 grades of austenitic pipes, 3 grades of austenitic ferritic pipes, and 7 grades of ferritic pipes are specified.	Manufacturing method: Manufactured by a seamless process, an electric resistance welding process, a laser welding process, or an electric resistance welding process.	It is specified that the solution treatment or annealing is performed and then pickled or similarly treated.
(I) Requ	Clause	က	4 a)	4 b)

(V) Justification for the technical deviation and future measures			The adjustment of composition range will be proposed to ISO.	In JIS the impact value and expanding are deleted because the pipe for pressure purpose is not specified.
(IV) Classification and details of technical deviation between JIS and the International Standard by clause Location of deviation: text, annex Indication method: dotted underlines or continuous sidelines	Detail of technical deviation	-	For the composition range of austenitic stainless steel of ISO Standard and JIS, the composition range of C, Si, Ni, P, Cr, Mo slightly differ between both standards even on the equivalent grade.	In JIS the impact value and expanding are not specified.
(IV) Class technical and the Ir clause Location of Indication lines or lines or	Classifi- cation by clause	IDI	MOD/ addition MOD/ alteration	MOD/ deletion
(III) Requirements in International Standard	Content	b) Preparation of ends: By agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer at the time of ordering, tubes can be delivered with bevelled ends.	Chemical composition: The composition of 17 grades each for ISO 9329-4 and 12 grades each for ISO 9330-6 is specified.	Room temperature characteristic: The tensile strength, proof stress, elongation, impact value, flattening, expanding, are specified.
(III) Retional S	Clause	8.2	6.1	6.2.1
(II) International Standard number		ISO 9329-4 ISO 9330-6	ISO 9329-4 ISO 9330-6	ISO 9329-4 ISO 9330-6
(I) Requirements in JIS	Content	It is specified that when required by the purchaser, the pipes may be fabricated to the bevel end.	Chemical composition: The composition of 31 grades each is specified.	Tensile strength, proof stress and elongation: The tensile strength, proof stress and elongation at ordinary temperature are specified.
(I) Requ	Clause	4 c)	בע	6.1



(I) Requ	(I) Requirements in JIS	(II) International Standard number	(III) Requiremetional Standard	(III) Requirements in International Standard	(IV) Classi technical d and the Int clause Location of Indication	(IV) Classification and details of technical deviation between JIS and the International Standard by clause Location of deviation: text, annex Indication method: dotted under-	(V) Justification for the technical deviation and future measures
Clause	Content		Clause	Content	Classifi- cation by clause	lines or continuous sidelines lassifi- Detail of technical lition by deviation ause	
6.2	Flattening or guide bend resistance of weld zone: The flattening or guide bend resistance in the welded is specified.		8. 6.	Either a flattening test or a bend test or a ring tensile test is specified.	MOD/ addition	In JIS a guide bend resistance of weld zone is specified in stead of a flattening for the welded pipe of 200A or over. In ISO Standard either a flattening test or a bend test or a ring tensile test is performed at the option of the manufacturer.	Only a flattening test in JIS can correspond to ISO Standard, and a bend test and a ring tensile test are not performed.
7	Austenitic grain size: The austenitic grain size of SUS321HTP is specified.			Not specified.	MOD/ addition	Not specified in ISO Standard.	This item is necessary for assuring creep strength and the addition of this item will be proposed to ISO.
∞	Hydraulic test characteristic or non-destructive examination characteristic: Either hydraulic test characteristic or non-destructive examination characteristic is applied.	ISO 9329-4 ISO 9330-6	9.5	Either hydraulic test characteristic or non- destructive examination characteristic is applied.	IDT	·	
6	Pressure resistance performance: The pressure resistance performance is specified.			Not specified.	MOD/ addition	The pressure resistance performance is necessary for the pipe used for feed water.	The item stipulated in the Water Works Law.



I	(IV) Classification and details of technical deviation between JIS and the International Standard by clause Location of deviation: text, annex Indication method: dotted underlines or continuous sidelines	Classifi- Detail of technical cation by deviation clause	MOD/ The leaching perforaddition mance is necessary for the pipe used for feed water.	wall MOD/ The dimensional sysses: alteration tem differs. ars, d rom rom	hick- addition wall thickness deviation MOD/ tion of seamless pipes alteration is added. Furthermore, of in JIS is equivalent to or stricter than that in ISO Standard.	n: MOD/ In JIS the specific cact alteration tolerance is not speci- fied.
	(III) Requirements in International Standard	Clause Content	— Not specified.	7.1 Coutside diameters, wall thicknesses and masses: The outside diameters, wall thicknesses and masses of the tubes should be selected from those in ISO 4200 and ISO 1127.	7.3.1 Tolerances on outside diameter and wall thickness: The tolerances on the outside diameter and wall thickness of pipes are specified.	7.3.2 Tolerances on length: The tolerances on exact lengths are specified.
\vdash	(II) International Standard number			ISO 9329-4 ISO 9330-6	ISO 9329-4 ISO 9330-6	ISO 9329-4 ISO 9330-6
	(I) Requirements in JIS	Content	Leaching performance: The leaching performance is specified.	Dimensions and mass: The dimensions and mass of pipes are specified.	Dimensional tolerances: a) The tolerances on outside diameter, wall thickness deviation of pipes are specified. b) It is specified that in the case where the pipe length is specified, the tolerances on pipe length shall be applied on the plus side only.	
	(I) Requ	Clause	10	11.1	11.2	



(III) Requirements in International Standard tional Standard and the International Standard by future measures clause Location of deviation: text, annex Indication method: dotted underlines or continuous sidelines	Classifi- Detail of technical cation by deviation clause	It is specified that all IDT tubes are reasonably straight.	It is specified that the IDT tubes are clean and free from defects.	Chemical analysis: General matters common to chemical analysis and the method of sampling specimens for analysis are specified.	The sampling method MOD/ alteration test pieces is 50 pieces are specified. In ISO Standard. The market. The unit of sampling For sampling test pieces, JIS can correspond to ISO Stanpelores in JIS, and 100 pieces are specified. In ISO Standard. In ISO Standard.	Tensile test: The test IDT method is specified.
(III) Requireme tional Standard	Clause Content	8.1.7 It is spectures are straight.	8.1.2 It is specified tubes are cle from defects.	9.3 Chengan	9.4 The and piec	9.9.2 Ten
(II) Inter- (I) national t Standard number	0	ISO 9329-4 8	∞	ISO 9329-4 9	6.	<u> </u>
(I) Requirements in JIS	Content	Appearance: a) It is specified that the pipe is straight for practical purposes, and their both ends are at right angles to the axis	b) It is specified that the inside and outside surfaces of the pipe are well finished, and free from defects detrimental to practical use.	Chemical analysis: General matters common to chemical analysis and the method of sampling specimens for analysis are specified.	Tensile test: The sampling method of a specimen and the number of test pieces are specified.	
(I) Requ	Clause	12		13.1	13.2	

(I) Requ	(I) Requirements in JIS	(II) International Standard number	(III) Requireme tional Standard	(III) Requirements in Interna- tional Standard	(IV) Class technical dand the Interpretation of Indication of Indication	(IV) Classification and details of technical deviation between JIS and the International Standard by clause Location of deviation: text, annex Indication method: dotted underlines or continuous sidelines	(V) Justification for the technical deviation and future measures
Clause	Content		Clause	Content	Classifi- cation by clause	Detail of technical deviation	
13.3	Flattening test: The sampling method of a specimen and the number of test pieces are specified.		9.4	The sampling method and the shape of test pieces are specified.	MOD/ alteration	In JIS one test piece per 50 pieces is sam- pled, and in ISO Stan- dard one test piece per 100 pieces is sampled.	For sampling test pieces, JIS can correspond to ISO Standard.
			9.9.3.2	The test method of flat- tening test is specified.	IDT	Not specified in ISO Standard.	
13.4	Guide bend test of weld zone: The sampling method of a specimen and the number of test pieces are specified.			Not specified.	MOD/ addition	Not specified in ISO Standard.	Be able to be replaced by a flattening test.
13.5	Austenitic grain size test: The test method is specified.			Not specified.	MOD/ addition	Not specified in ISO Standard.	The addition will be proposed to ISO.
13.6	Hydraulic test or non- destructive examination: The test method is specified.		9.9.7	Leak-tightness test: The hydraulic test or the non-destructive test is specified.	IDT		
13.7	Pressure resistance performance test: The test method is specified.		l	Not specified.	MOD/ addition	Necessary for the pipe used for feed water.	The item stipulated in the Water Works Law.
13.8	Leaching performance test: The test method is specified.			Not specified.	MOD/ addition	Necessary for the pipe used for feed water.	The item stipulated in the Water Works Law.



(V) Justification for the technical deviation and future measures		The standard system differs.		The alteration of items to mark may cause confusion in the market.	The inspection document is made suitable for the specified items in JIS.
(IV) Classification and details of technical deviation between JIS and the International Standard by clause Location of deviation: text, annex Indication method: dotted underlines or continuous sidelines	Detail of technical deviation	In JIS the test methods and results are separately specified.		In JIS the mark of symbol indicating a manufacturing method and symbols designating length and special quality requirements are added. ISO Standard has more numbers of items to mark.	For the kinds of inspection documents, 2 kinds in JIS and 4 kinds in ISO Standard are specified.
(IV) Class technical dand the Inclause Location of Indication of Indication	Classifi- cation by clause	MOD/ deletion	IDT	MOD/ deletion MOD/ alteration MOD/ addition	MOD/ alteration
(III) Requirements in International Standard	Content	Test methods and results: The test methods and results specified at the same time.	Retests: The method of retests is specified.	Marking: The items to mark are specified.	Report: The requirements for report are specified.
(III) Retional S	Clause	6.6	9.11	10.1	9.11
(II) International Standard number		ISO 9329-4 ISO 9330-6		ISO 9329-4 ISO 9330-6	ISO 9329-4 ISO 9330-6
(I) Requirements in JIS	Content	Inspection: The inspection is specified.	Reinspection: The method of reinspection is specified.	Marking: The items to mark are specified.	Report: The requirements for report are specified.
(I) Requ:	Clause	14.1	14.2	15	16



(I) Requ	(I) Requirements in JIS	(II) International Standard number	(III) Retional S	(III) Requirements in International Standard	(IV) Class technical d and the In clause Location of Indication	(IV) Classification and details of technical deviation between JIS and the International Standard by clause Location of deviation: text, annex Indication method: dotted underlines or continuous sidelines	(V) Justification for the technical deviation and future measures
Clause	Content		Clause	Content	Classifi- cation by clause	Detail of technical deviation	
Annex 1	Special quality requirements: The following matters are specified.	ISO 9329-4 ISO 9330-6					
	• Elevated temperature yield point or proof stress		6.2.2	Elevated temperature characteristic	IDT		
	• Ultrasonic examination		9.9.8	Non-destructive testing	IDT		
	• Corrosion test		9.9.6	Intergranular corrosion test	IDT		
	• Eddy current examination	ISO 9330-6	9.9.8.1	Non-destructive testing	IDT		
	Radiographic examination of weld zone		9.9.8.1	Non-destructive testing	IDT		

Designated degree of correspondence between JIS and International Standards: MOD

Symbols in sub-columns of classification by clause in the above table indicate as follows: Remarks 1

IDT: Identical in technical contents.

MOD/deletion: Deletes specification item(s) or content(s) of International Standards.

MOD/addition: Adds specification item(s) or content(s) not included in International Standards.

MOD/alteration: Alters the specification content(s) included in International Standards.

Symbol in column of designated degree of correspondence between JIS and International Standards in the above table indicates as follows: Q

MOD: Modifies International Standard.



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Errata will be provided upon request, please contact:

Standardization Promotion Department, Japanese Standards Association
4-1-24, Akasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo, 107-8440 JAPAN

TEL. 03-3583-8002 FAX. 03-3583-0462

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